

8TH IWSLP ADELHEIDSDORF / CELLE

Better than random?

Assessing Inter- and Intra-Rater Reliability of Linear Scoring in Warmblood Breeding

Alexandra Weigt (Georg-August-University Göttingen, Germany)

Dr. Axel Brockmann (LGST Celle),

Prof. Dr. Jens Tetens (Georg-August-University Göttingen, Germany),

Prof. Dr. Armin O. Schmitt (Georg-August-University Göttingen, Germany)

Contents of today's presentation

- Study objectives
- Data collection
- Inter-rater reliability
- Intra-rater reliability
- Better than random?
- Practical implications

Study objectives



- Reliable phenotypes essential for successful breeding programmes and advancement of genomic applications



- Quantifying reliability of Linear Scoring
- Under standardised environmental conditions (images)



- Identifying strengths and limitations to further advance equine breeding programmes



Materials & Methods



- Online questionnaire
- Programme: EyeQuestion¹



- 34 horse images born between 1929 and 1993
- 17 linear traits



- Survey repetition after one month
- Personal information (e.g. professional experience)

¹ EyeQuestion (Version 6.1.2.6, The Netherlands)

Bitte beschreiben Sie dieses Pferd linear!

	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Kopf (grob/derb - fein/edel)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Halslänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Widerristlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Widerristhöhe (flach - hoch)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schulterlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schulterneigung (steil - schräg)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Langbeinigkeit (sehr kurzbeinig - extrem langbeinig)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Rücken (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Kruppe (flach/gerade - abfallend)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Kruppenlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schweifansatz (hoch - tief)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Fesselänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Fesselneigung (steil - weich)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Karpalgelenk (vorbiegig - rückbiegig)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Materials & Methods



- Intraclass Correlation Coefficient (ICC)
- 0 (no reliability) – 1 (excellent reliability)
- irr² package in R³



- Permutation tests: Randomly shuffled horse x judge matrices within each trait

² Core Team, R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing, R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria (2025) URL <https://www.R-project.org/>

³ Gamer, J. Lemon, I. Fellows, P. Singh, Irr: Various Coefficients of Interrater Reliability and Agreement, r package version 0.84.1 (Jan. 2019). doi:10.32614/CRAN.package.irr.

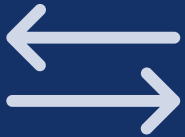
Bitte beschreiben Sie dieses Pferd linear!

	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Kopf (grob/derb - fein/edel)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Halslänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Widerristlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Widerristhöhe (flach - hoch)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schulterlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schulternelung (steil - schräg)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Langbeinigkeit (sehr kurzbeinig - extrem langbeinig)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Rücken (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Kruppe (flach/gerade - abfallend)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Kruppenlänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schweifansatz (hoch - tief)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Fesselänge (kurz - lang)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Fesselneigung (steil - weich)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vorderfuß Karpalgelenk (vorbiegig - rückbiegig)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

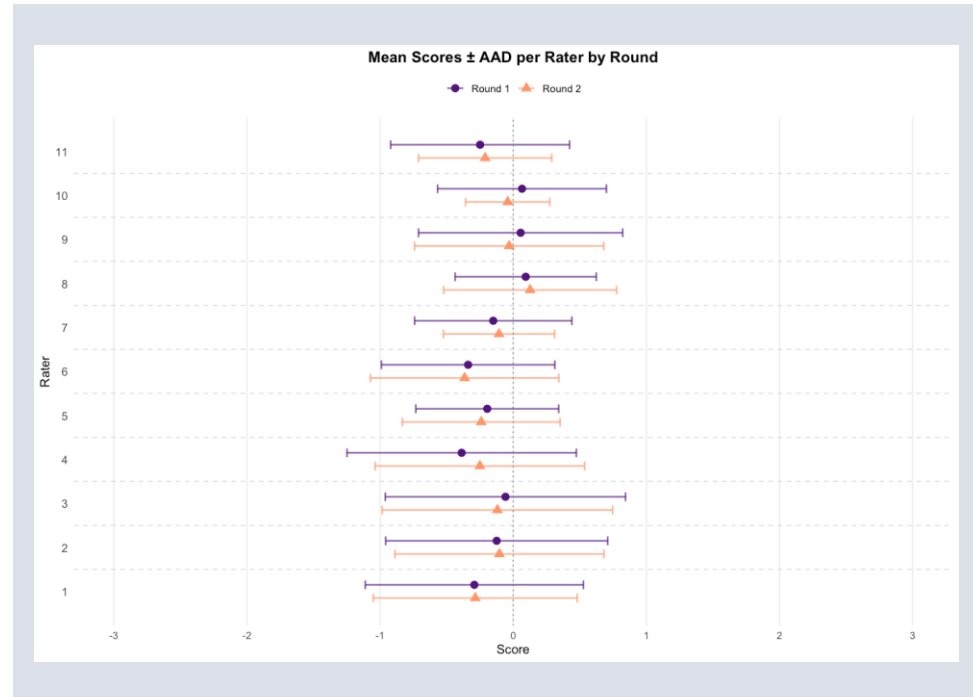
General data analysis



- 11 out of 24 experts completed both rounds of the questionnaire
- $34 \times 17 \times 11 = 6,358$ scores per round



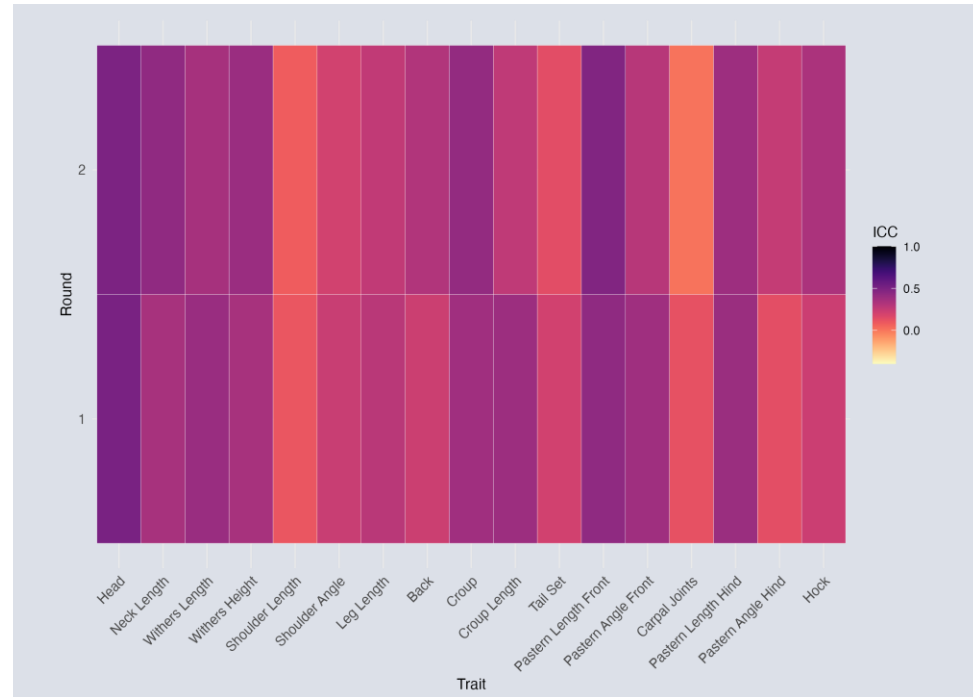
- Limited usage of the -3 to +3 scale



Inter-rater reliability



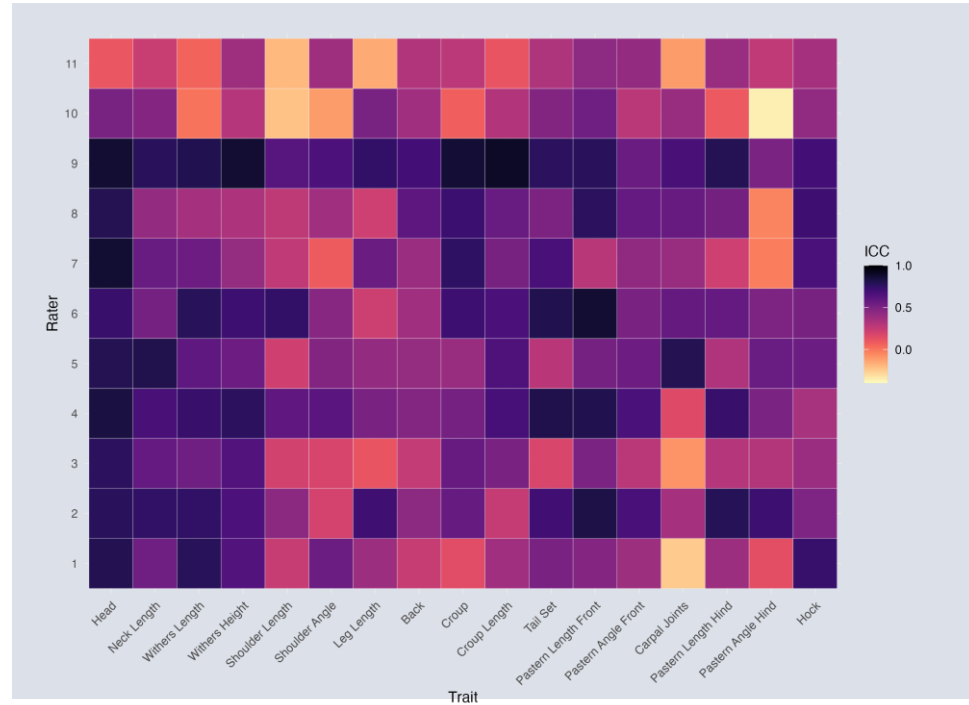
- Consistency between raters per round



Intra-rater reliability



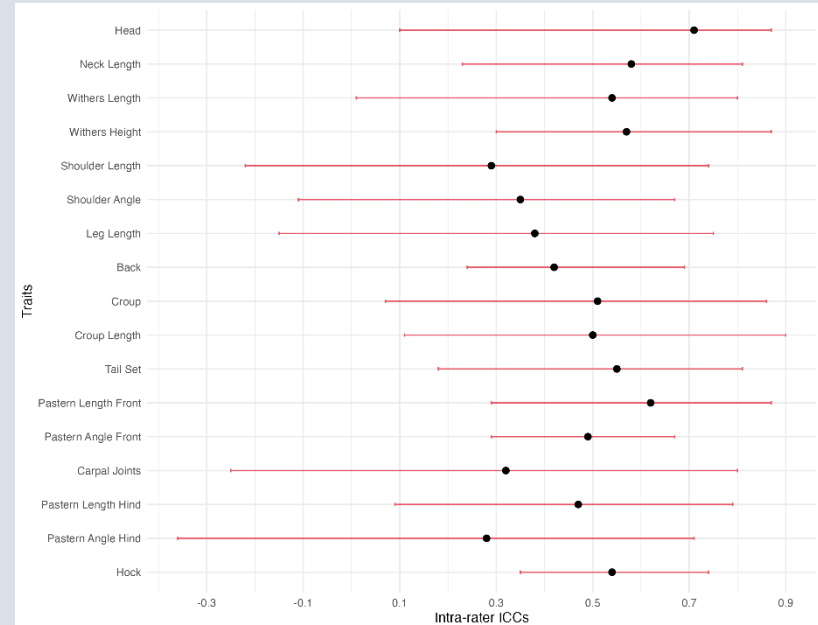
- Consistency between rounds per rater



Intra-rater reliability



- Consistency between rounds per rater
- Mean ICCs per trait and their respective ranges

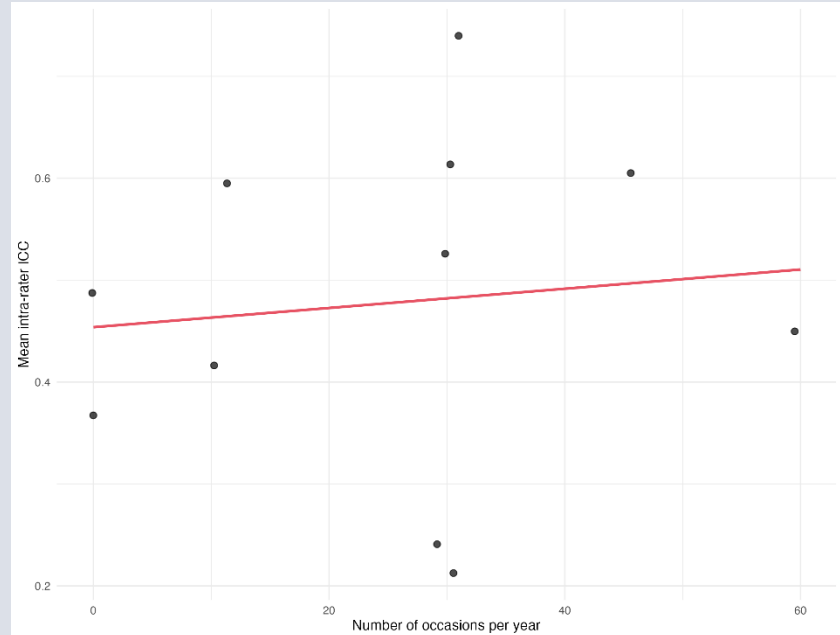


Intra-rater reliability

In the context of experience



- Participants were asked for the number of occasions they apply linear scoring per year
- No significant correlation

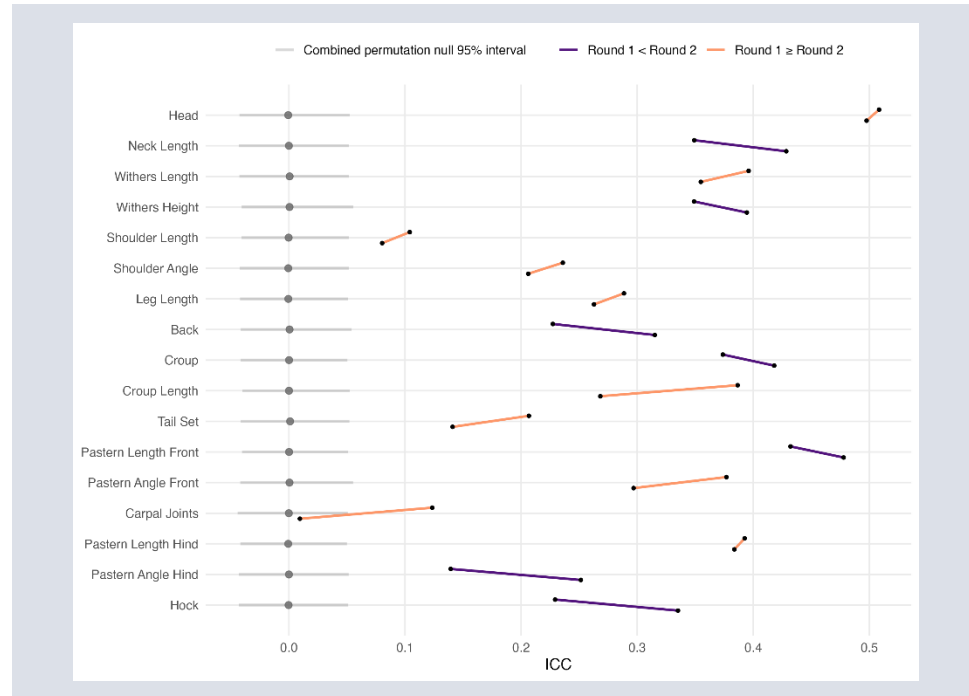


Better than random?

Inter-rater reliability

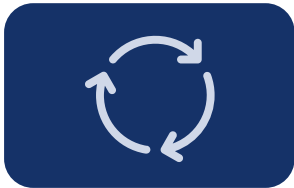


- Permutation tests: Randomly shuffled horse x judge matrices within each trait

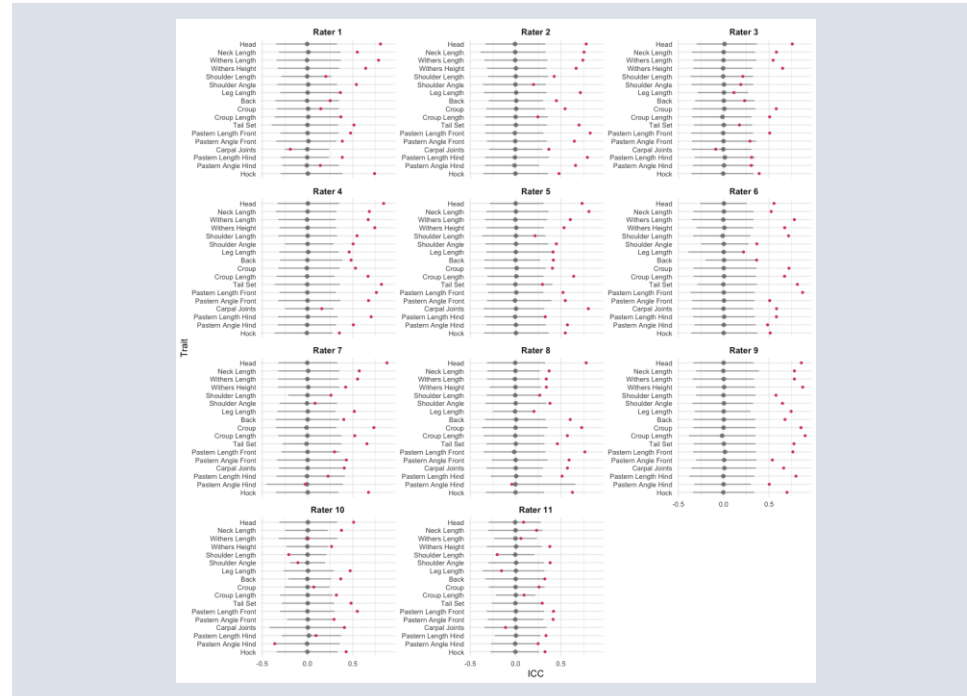


Better than random?

Intra-rater reliability



- Permutation tests: Randomly shuffled horse x judge matrices within each trait

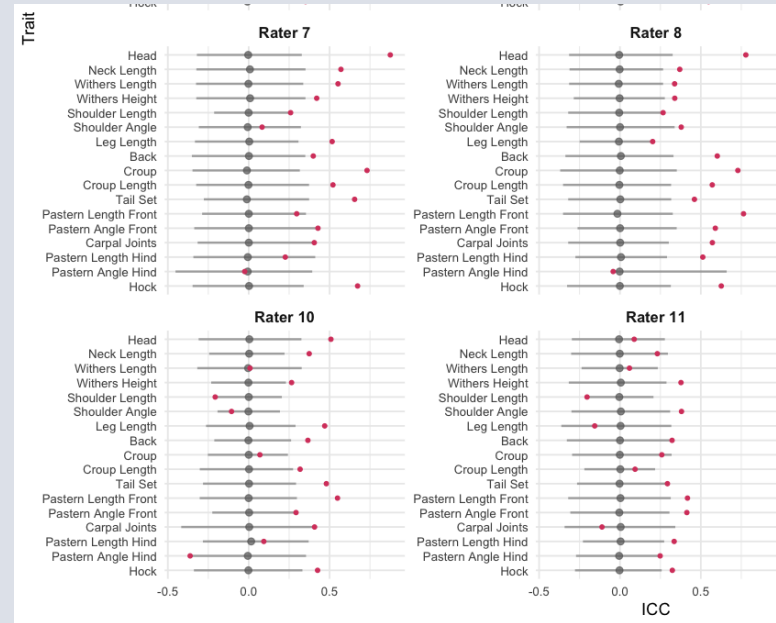


Better than random?

Intra-rater reliability



- Permutation tests: Randomly shuffled horse x judge matrices within each trait



Practical implications



- Better than random? – Yes!
- But large differences between traits



- Exchange and standardised training
- Focus on underlying anatomical structures



- Research on automated phenotyping technologies assisting the human eye



Thank you for listening!

Time for questions and discussion

