

74th Annual Meeting of the EAAP in Lyon, France, on 26th August - 1st September 2023

Use of linear data for characterization and selection of sport horses with highest genetic potential

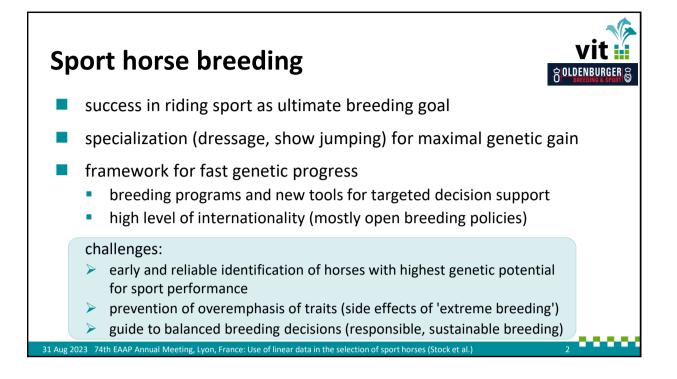
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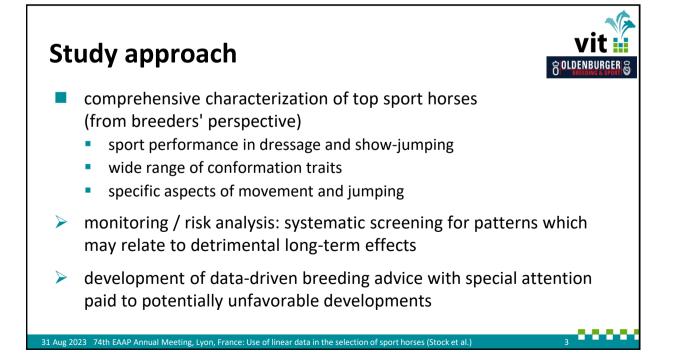
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Session 90 (abstract no. 42999)





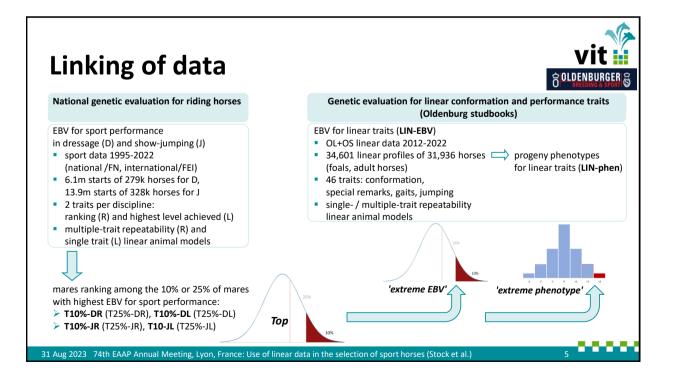


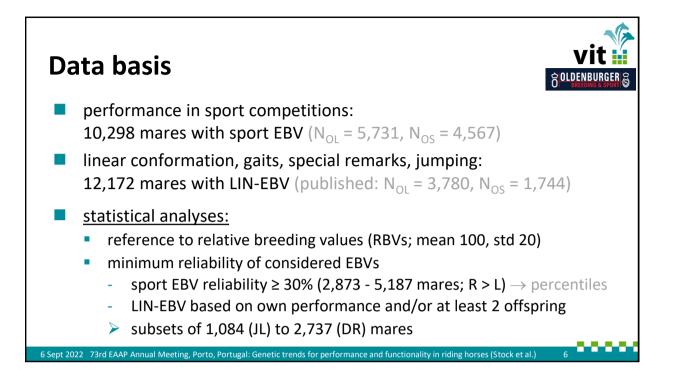


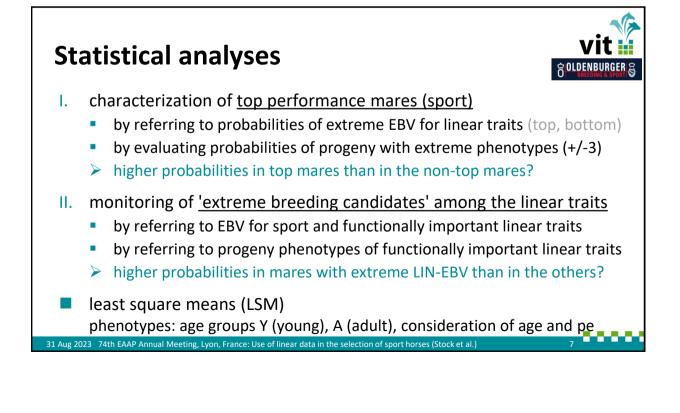
- active broodmares reflecting the two Oldenburg breeding populations specialized on dressage (D / OL) and jumping (J / OS)
- routine genetic evaluations \rightarrow estimated breeding values (EBV)
 - EBV for sport traits from the national genetic evaluation for riding horses in Germany (FN)
 - rank-based \rightarrow individual ranking among all starters
 - level-based \rightarrow highest level achieved (lifetime summary)

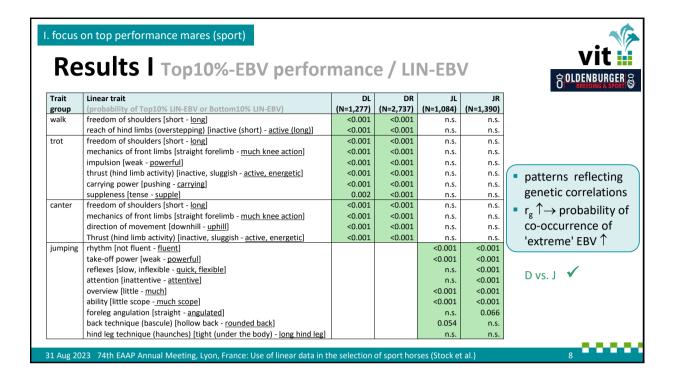
6 Sept 2022 73rd EAAP Annual Meeting, Porto, Portugal: Genetic trends for performance and functionality in riding horses (Stock et al.)

- dressage (DR, DL) and show-jumping (JR, JL)
- phenotypes and EBV for linear conformation and performance traits from the genetic evaluation of the Oldenburg studbooks (OL+OS)









I. focus on top performance mares (sport) **Results II** Top10%-EBV performance / LIN-EBV 合OLDENBURGER Trait Linear trait DL DR (probability of Top10% or Bottom10% LIN-EBV) (N=1,277) (N=2,737) (N=1,084) (N=1,390) group traits of functional relevance Breed type [plain - true to type] <0.001 n.s. type 0.004 n.s Gender expression [weak - strong] 0.016 <0.001 n.s. 0.086 and with intermediate optima Head shape [coarse - fine] <0.001 0.084 n.s n.s. requiring special attention Eye size [small - large] 0.003 <0.001 n.s. n.s. Frame [small-framed - large-framed] format 0.076 0.003 0.017 n.s. 0.041 Caliber [light - heavy] n.s. n.s. n.s. patterns reflecting 0.060 <0.001 [light - heavy] n s n s genetic correlations Length of legs [short-legged - long-legged] < 0.001 < 0.001 n.s. n.s neck Set of neck [low - <u>high</u>] 0.009 • $r_g \uparrow \rightarrow$ probability of co-occurrence of n.s. n.s. n.s D>>J ✓ Muscling area of neck n.s n.s. n.s. n.s. [ewe-necked - top line dom. neck] Shape of neck [straight - arched] n s n s n.s. n.s 'extreme' EBV ↑ Length of withers [short - long] 0.047 0.010 n.s. n.s. Height of withers [flat - high] n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. back Length of back [short - long] n.s. 0.001 0.022 n.s. [short - long] <0.001 n.s. n.s n.s. Line (strength) of back [dipped (weak) - roached] <0.001 n.s. n.s. n.s. Line (strength) of loins [dipped (weak) - roached] n.s n.s. n.s. n.s. Angle (inclination) of croup [flat (level) - sloping] 0.023 n.s. n.s. n.s. Set of tail [low - high] n s n s n.s. n.s. [<u>low</u> - high] n.s < 0.001 n.s. n.s.

31 Aug 2023 74th EAAP Annual Meeting, Lyon, France: Use of linear data in the selection of sport horses (Stock et al.)

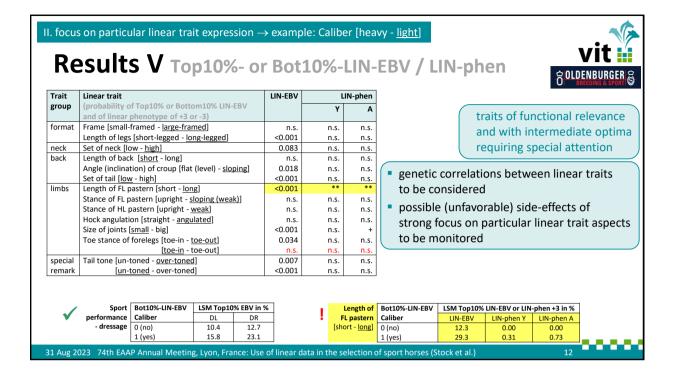
(probability of Top10% or Bottom10% LIN-EBV) (N=1,277) (N=2,737) (N=1,084) (N=1,390) Length of FL pastern [short - long] <0.001 n.s. n.s. 0.043 Stance of FL pastern [upright - sloping (weak)] n.s. n.s. 0.002 n.s. Stance of HL pastern [upright - weak] n.s. n.s. n.s. 0.045 Hock angulation [straight - angulated] 0.019 n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. Size of joints [small - big] 0.087 n.s. n.s. 0.031 0.031	
Stance of FL pastern [upright - sloping (weak)] n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. Stance of HL pastern [upright - weak] n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. Hock angulation [straight - angulated] 0.019 n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. Size of joints [small - big] 0.087 n.s. n.s. 0.031 Instance	
Stance of HL pastern [upright - weak] n.s. n.s. n.s. 0.045 Hock angulation [straight - angulated] 0.019 n.s. n.s. n.s. Size of joints [small - big] 0.087 n.s. n.s. 0.031	te optim
Stance of nic pastern (upright - weak) n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. requiring special att Hock angulation [straight - angulated] 0.019 n.s. n.s. n.s. n.s. Size of joints [small - big] 0.087 n.s. n.s. 0.031	
Size of joints [small - big] 0.087 n.s. 0.031	ontion
	ention
[small - big] <0.001 <0.001 n.s. n.s. (= nottorne r	<i>a</i>
[small - big] <0.001	eflecting
rie statice of lotelegs [toe-in - toe-out] n.s. n.s. n.s. 0.019 genetic co	rrelations
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline Tail tone [un-toned - \underline{over-toned}] & 0.078 & 0.014 & <0.001 & 0.083 \\ \hline [un-toned - over-toned] & n.s. & n.s. & n.s. & n.s. & D >> J \checkmark & r_g \uparrow \rightarrow protection \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	bability of
<u>co-occurre</u>	nce of
'extreme'	
extreme	

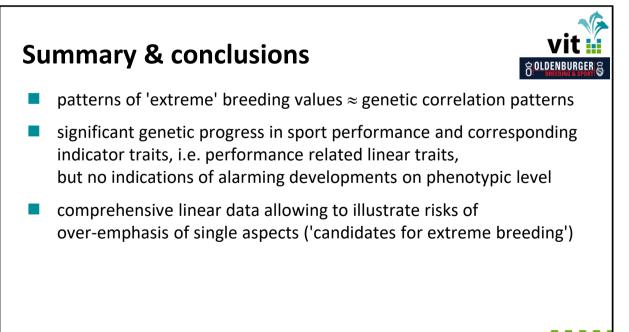
I. focus on top performance mares (sport)

Results IV Top10%-EBV performance / LIN-phen

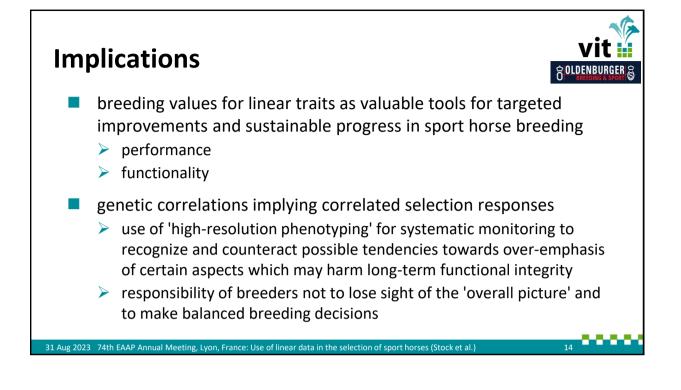
											OI BREEDING & SPORTI
Trait	Linear trait		DL		DR		JL		JR		
group	(probability of linear phenotype of +3 or -3)	(N _Y =2			5,128,	(N _Y =1		(N _Y =2		(
		N _A =1	,125)	N _A =:	1,744)		=508)	- 9	=512)		traits of functional relevance
		Y	Α	Y	A	Y	Α	Y	Α		and with intermediate optima
format	Frame [small-framed - large-framed]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Caliber [light - heavy]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	*	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		requiring special attention
	Length of legs [short-legged - long-legged]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	+	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	\geq	
neck	Set of neck [low - <u>high]</u>	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		rarely found extremes among
back	Length of back [short - long]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	-	
	Angle (inclination) of croup [flat (level) - <u>sloping</u>]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		progeny phenotypes of the
	Set of tail [low - high]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	**	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		analyzed groups of mares
limbs	Length of FL pastern [short - <u>long</u>]	n.s.	*	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		analyzed groups of mares
	Stance of FL pastern [upright - sloping (weak)]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		no indications of strong shifts
	Stance of HL pastern [upright - weak]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
	Hock angulation [straight - angulated]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		towards extreme linear trait
	Size of joints [small - big]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	*	n.s.		expressions (phenotypes)
	Toe stance of forelegs [toe-in - toe-out]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	+	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
	[toe-in - toe-out]	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	**		when focusing on top sport
special	Tail tone [un-toned - <u>over-toned]</u>	n.s.	n.s.	*	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		performance
remark	[<u>un-toned</u> - over-toned]	n.s.	n.s.	*	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		P
	TROT Thrust Top10%-EBV LSM LIN-phen +	-3 in %		/IN	Caliber	Top10	%_EBV	151	VI LIN-p	hon - 7	in %
\checkmark	(hind limb activity) (DL, DR) DL-Y DL-A DR		A	1.1	light -	(DL, DI		DL-Y	DL-A	DR-	
	[inactive, sluggish - 0 (no) 0.98 1.69 1.1		_		heavy]	0 (no)	.,	0.09	0.09	0.08	
	active, energetic] 1 (yes) 2.41 3.32 2.8	38 5.9	1			1 (yes)		0.00	0.59	0.19	
31 Aug 20	J23 74th EAAP Annual Meeting, Lyon, France: Use	orline	ar dat	a in th	e selec	tion of	sport	norses	STOCK	et al) 11

႙OLDENBURGE





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TAKE HOME

- use of 'high-resolution phenotyping' for systematic monitoring to recognize and counteract possible tendencies towards over-emphasis of certain aspects which may harm long-term functional integrity
- responsibility of breeders not to lose sight of the 'overall picture' and to make balanced breeding decisions
 Thank you

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